UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/05

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Qı	uestio	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)		<i>Drawing</i> size ; outline ; indication of a number of layers ;		measuring at least 5cm in one direction a clear single line, showing narrowing towards the top and detail of base (flattened / roots)
			Labels (brown / red) scales / outer covering / scaly leaves / "skin" ; (fleshy) leaves / layers; growing point / shoot / bud / daughter bulb forming ; stem ; roots ; (max 3)	6	<i>A maximum of three for labels</i> ACCEPT 'outer layer'
1	(b)	(i)	they both have thin , protective covering / skin ; growing point / bud ; ref. to similar colour ; ref. to both , round / circular ;	1 max	Look for positive statements, not negative statements NOT 'both hard'
1	(b)	(ii)	Comparative statements must be made correct ref to colour difference ; many , layers / parts , (S1) v. , no layers / one part (S2) ; growing point on inside (S1) v. outside (S2) ; dry / loose , outer layer (S1) v. not dry / attached (S2) ; roots (S1) v. no roots (S2) ; scaly (S1) v. not scaly (S2) ; smooth surface (S1) v. rough surface (S2) ; AVP ;	2 max	 and refer specifically to either S1 or S2 ACCEPT fleshy leaves v. none ACCEPT no eye(s) v. eye(s) e.g. size difference
1	(c)	(i)	Recorded in Table 1.1		
1	(c)	(ii)	Recorded in Table 1.1		

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Qı	iestio	n	E	xpected An	swers			Marks	Additional Guidance	
1	(d)	(i)	sp he ex us ex	add Benedict's (reagent / solution) ; specific volume ; heat in water bath / place in hot water / not heated directly ; explanation for using water bath related to safety ; use of , safety spectacles / test tube holder ; explanation for using safety goggles related to <u>safety</u> ; watch / leave , until colour changes / for a few minutes ;			4 max	a few cm ³ or the same volume as the test solution NOT avoiding , burning / scalding IGNORE wearing overalls / no eating / no drinking etc. Needs the idea of it not being an instant change		
1	(d)	(ii)	R	Recorded in Table 1.1						
Та	Table 1.1		Award 1 mark per correct cell in Table 1.1		_		ACCEPT unexpected results that are in line with the results shown in the Supervisor's Report			
			tes	test	observ	vations			IGNORE conclusions, as they are asked for observations	
						S1	S2			observations
				starch	brown / orange / yellow / no change / no reaction	black / blue-black / <u>dark</u> blue ;				
				reducing sugar	green / yellow / orange / brown / ; red	blue-green / green / no change / ; no reaction			S1 must show more reducing sugar than S2 (unless otherwise indicated in Supervisor's Report)	
								4		

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Qı	lestic	on	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
1	(e)		 (S1) does not contain starch ; (S1) contains sugars ; (S2) contains starch ; (S2) (perhaps) contains some sugars ; (S1) is a storage organ ; (S2) is (also) a storage organ ; ref to explanation / role of storage organs ; AVP ; 	4 max	Comments need to be in line with the expected observations (i.e. correct) or consistent with candidate's observations / conclusions e.g. potato / S2 , is a (stem) tuber onion / (S1) , is a bulb
			Т	otal 21	

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Qu	estio	n	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	neck / carotid (pulse) ; temple ; groin / femoral (pulse) ; other suitable location ;	1 max	Labels should point to the appropriate location on Fig. 2.1 e.g. foot / thumb pulse / behind knee / inside of elbow
2	(a)	(ii)	artery / blood vessel , near surface ; passing / surge , of blood through , artery / blood vessel ; pressure against bone or cartilage ; AVP ;	2 max	 NOT if vein also included NOT 'on skin' NOT if vein also included e.g. ventricular systole blood not , pulsing / surging , in veins
2	(b)	(i)	pulses per 15 seconds recorded for 'attempt 1' ; pulse recorded for further 2 repeats ; calculation x 4 for rate min ⁻¹ ; mean calculated ;	4	ALLOW 12 – 30 beats i.e. 3 replicates in total ALLOW 12 – 30 beats must be correct for all 3 replicates ALLOW ecf mean must be correctly recorded to nearest second or to 1dp ALLOW ecf
2	(b)	(ii)	reliability / identify anomalous reading / AW ; heart rate can vary ;	1 max	e.g. to minimise the effect of mistakes NOT to avoid mistakes IGNORE ref. to accuracy

F	Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Qu	estio	n	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(b)	(iii)	Award 1 mark for a suitable factor and a further mark for an associated explanation relating to its effect on heart rate.		Items indicated with * are specified in the syllabus.
			exercise ; demand for extra supply of , blood / oxygen / glucose / energy , for <u>muscles</u> ;		ora ora (for being 'at rest')
			regular exercise / training ; lowers heart rate ; stress / anxiety / fear / fright / AW / adrenaline ; increase in , * adrenaline / heart rate ; high body mass / obesity / AW ;		DO NOT CREDIT adrenaline twice
			link with high heart rate ; high blood pressure ; decreases heart rate ; * alcohol ;		ora ora (for low blood pressure)
			<pre>small quantities increase heart rate / (larger quantities) reduce heart rate / depressant ; * heroin ;</pre>		
			decreases heart rate ; caffeine ; increases heart rate ; nicotine / smoking ;		
			increases heart rate ; illness / fever ; raised temperature increases rate ;		
			environmental factor ; corresponding increase or decrease ; AVP suitable factor ;		e.g. altitude (gives increase) / high temperature (gives increase) / low temperature (gives decrease)
			AVP suitable effect ;	4 max	e.g. diet qualified / cholesterol qualified / age qualified

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Qu	estio	n	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(c)	(i)	 S suitable and even scale on y axis; starts at 0 or a higher number; G to fill over half of printed grid (vertically); P columns correctly plotted;; (two marks) 	5	Candidates are being judged on their ability to plot the data from Table 2.2 realistically, 20 or 30 8 or more squares high minus 1 for each incorrect plot CREDIT points correctly plotted according to candidate's scale DO NOT CREDIT plots if being used as a line graph – they must be for columns
2	(c)	(ii)	higher body mass corresponds to (s)lower heart beat / ora ;	1	
2	(d)		higher heart rate + lower body mass = (link to) shorter life span / ora ;	1	
			Total	19	